

KTT workshop for Hydropower

Impacts of climate change on reservoir sedimentation in the periglacial environment

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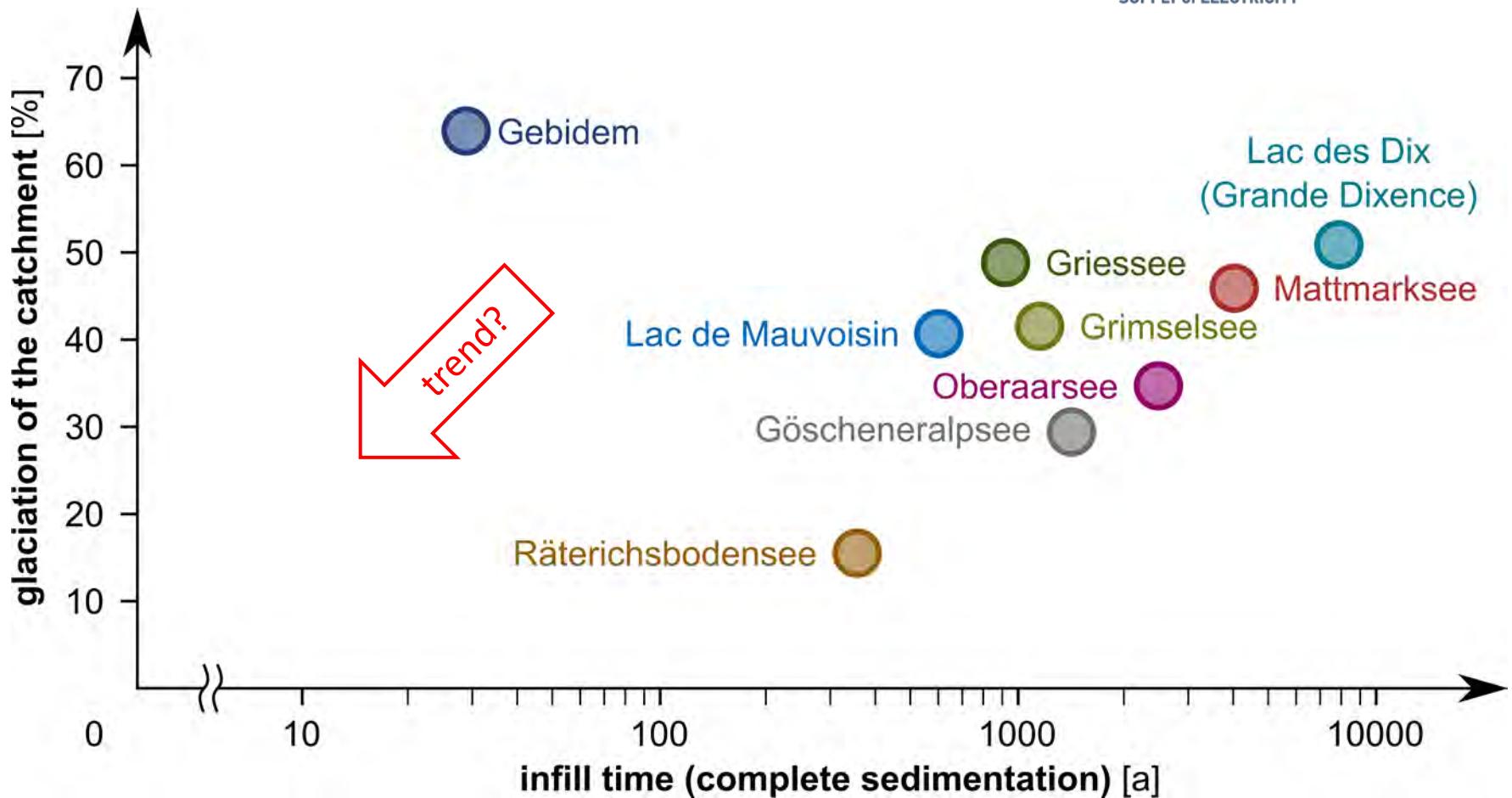
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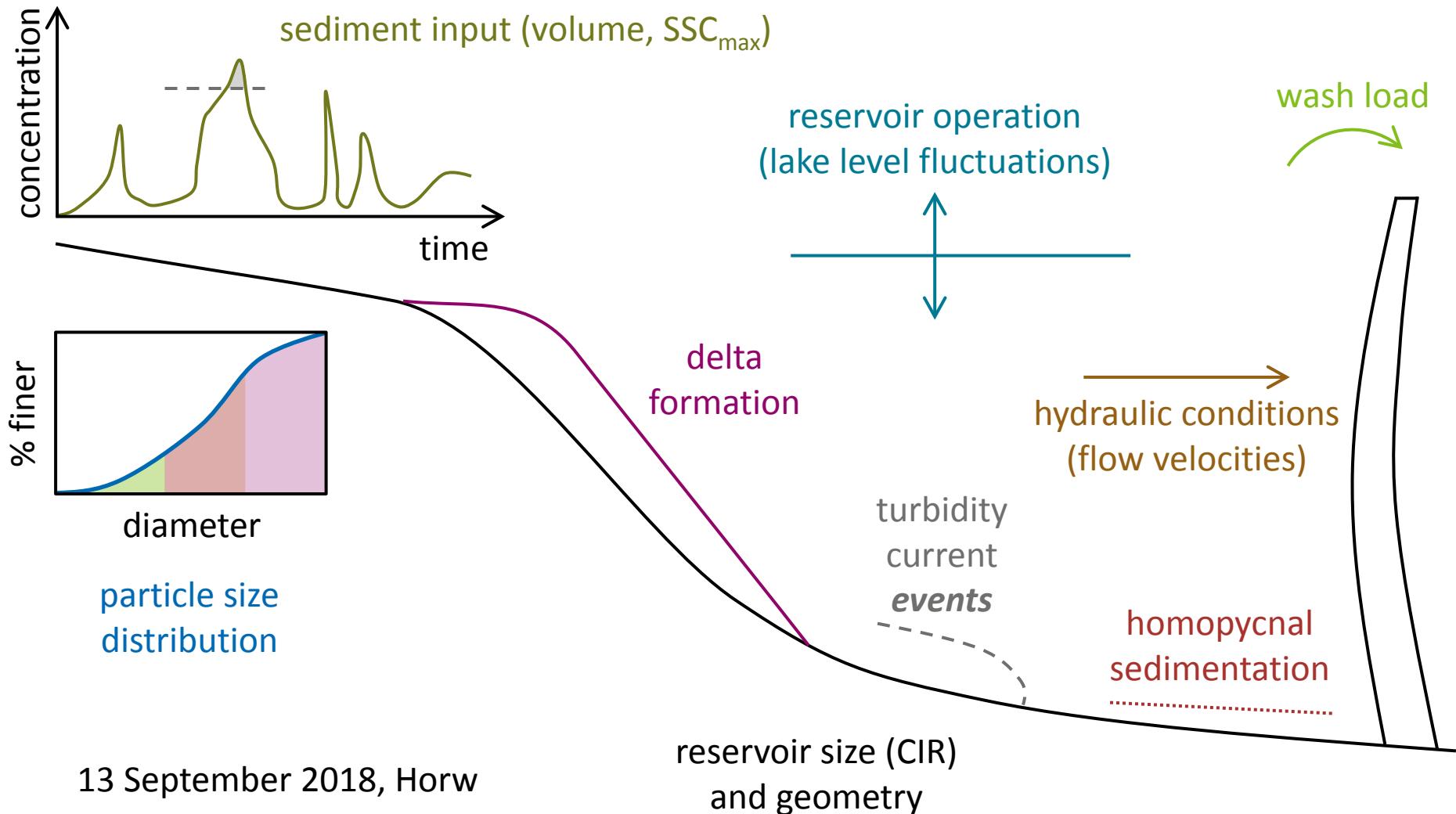
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Reservoir sedimentation

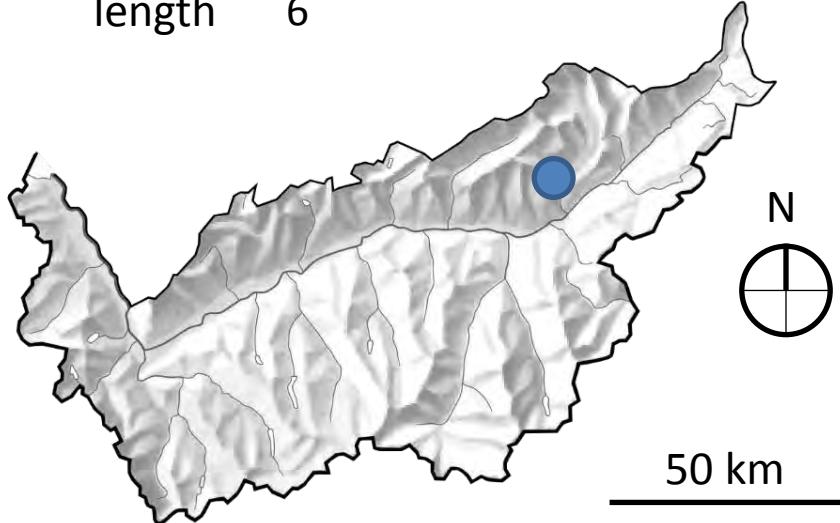


Drivers and processes



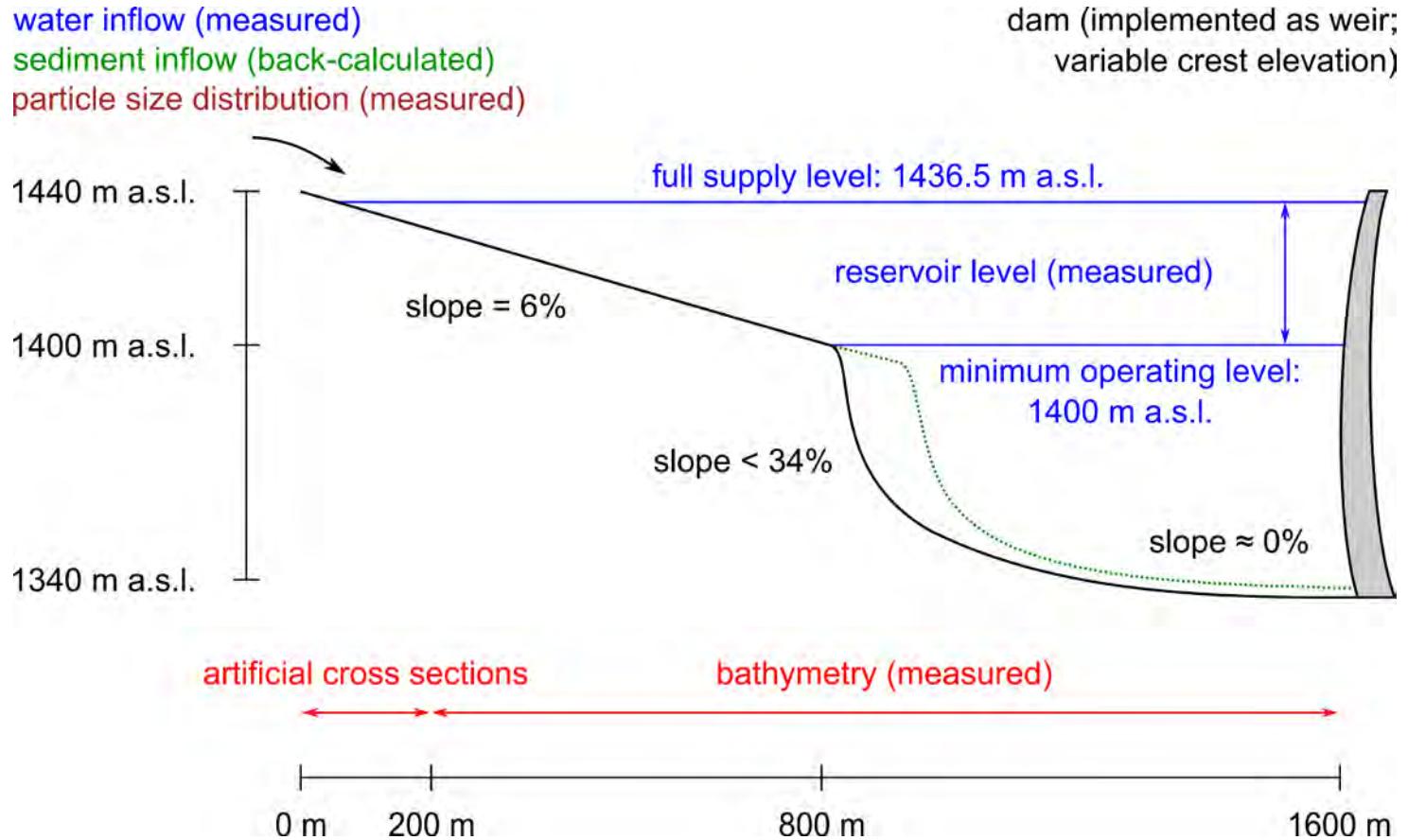
Case study Gebidem

- capacity-inflow ratio (CIR) = 0.02
- infill time = 20–30 years
- $\frac{\text{width}}{\text{length}} = \frac{1}{6}$

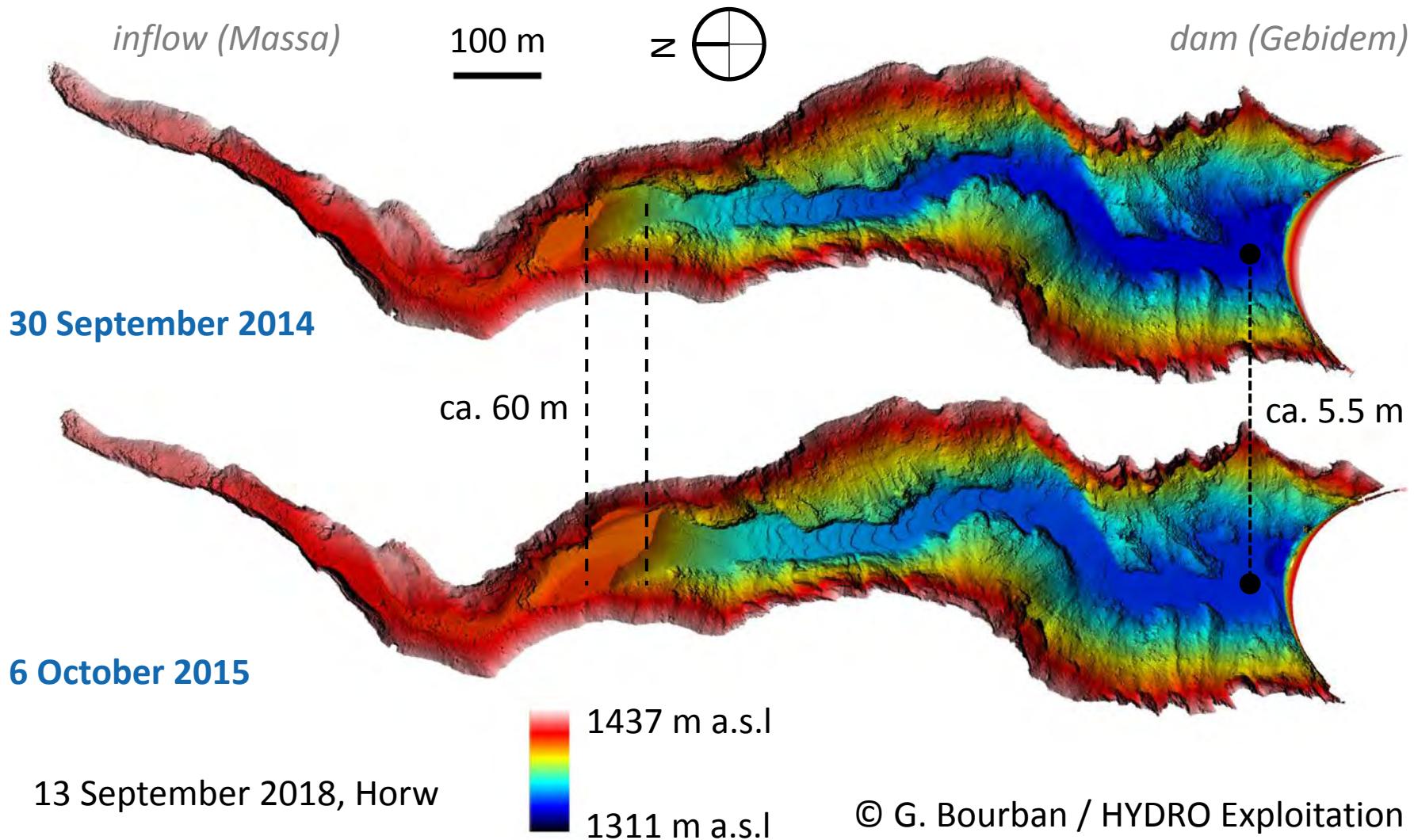


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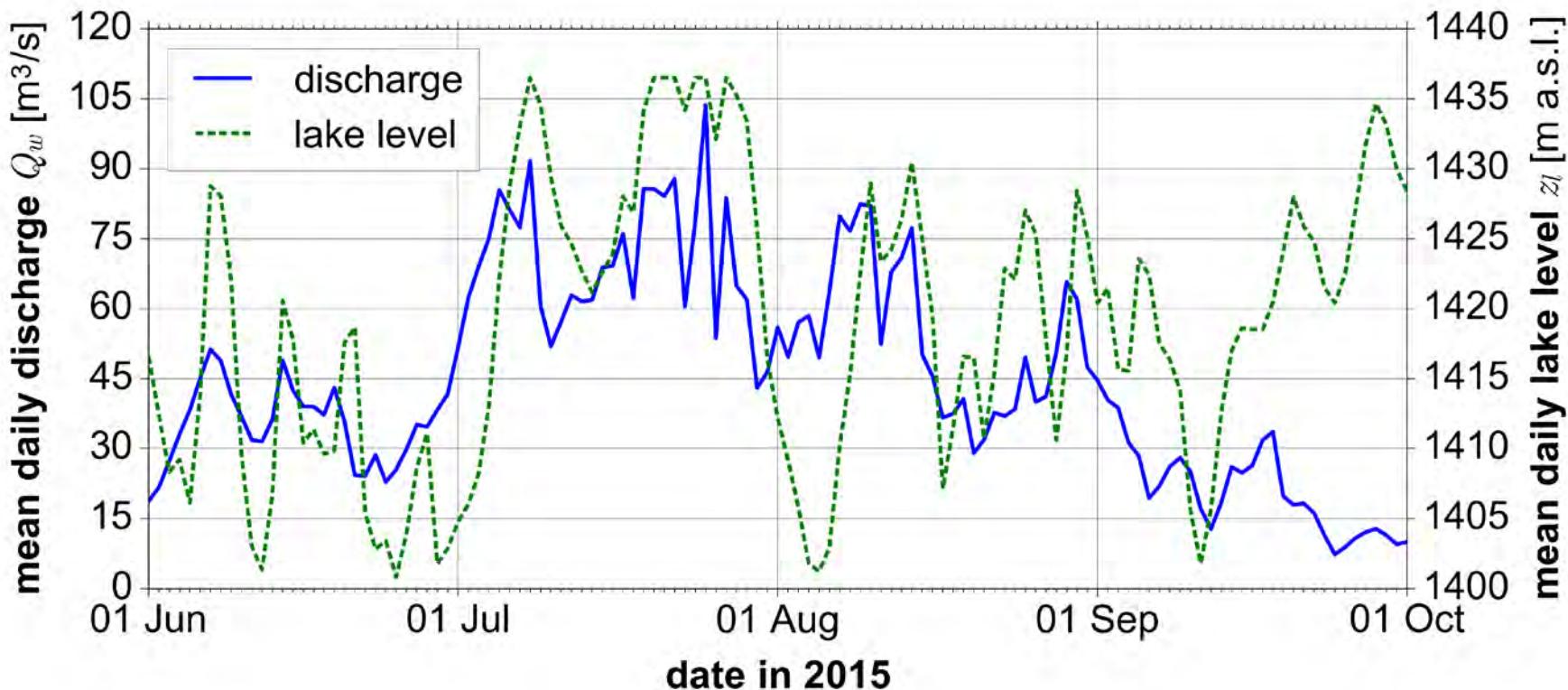
Numerical 1D model



Bathymetry measurements

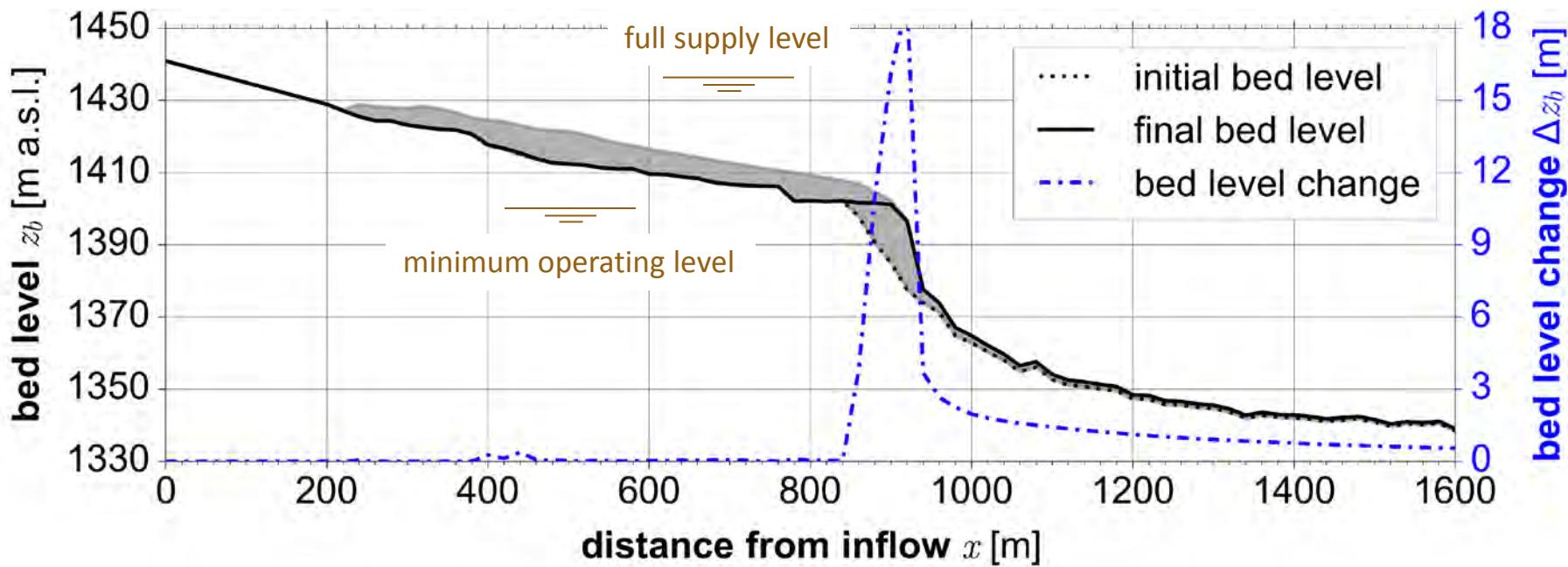


Boundary conditions 2015

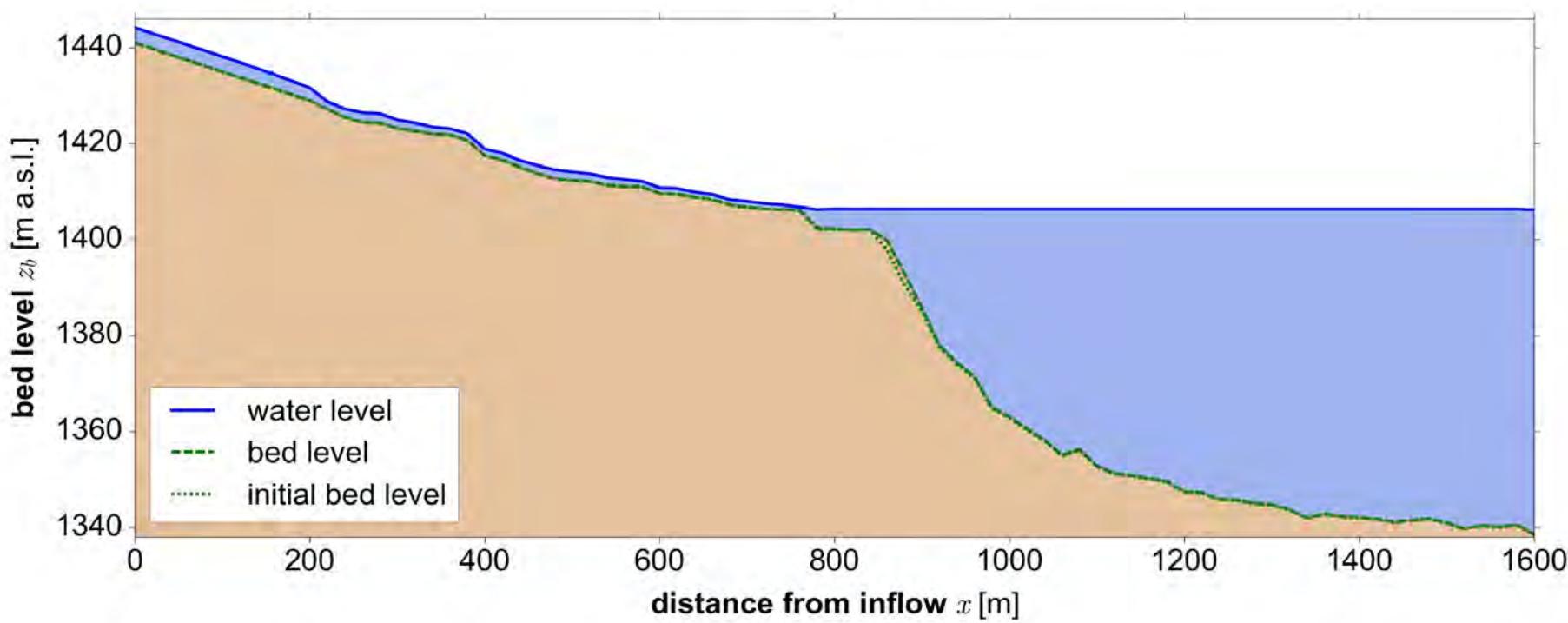
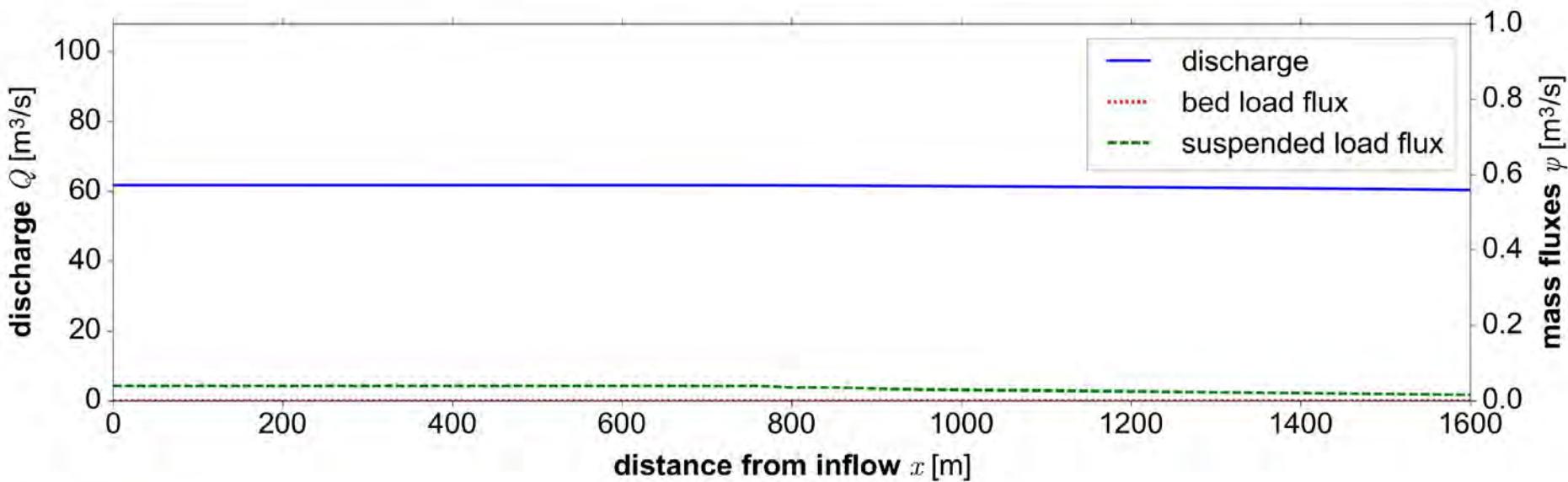


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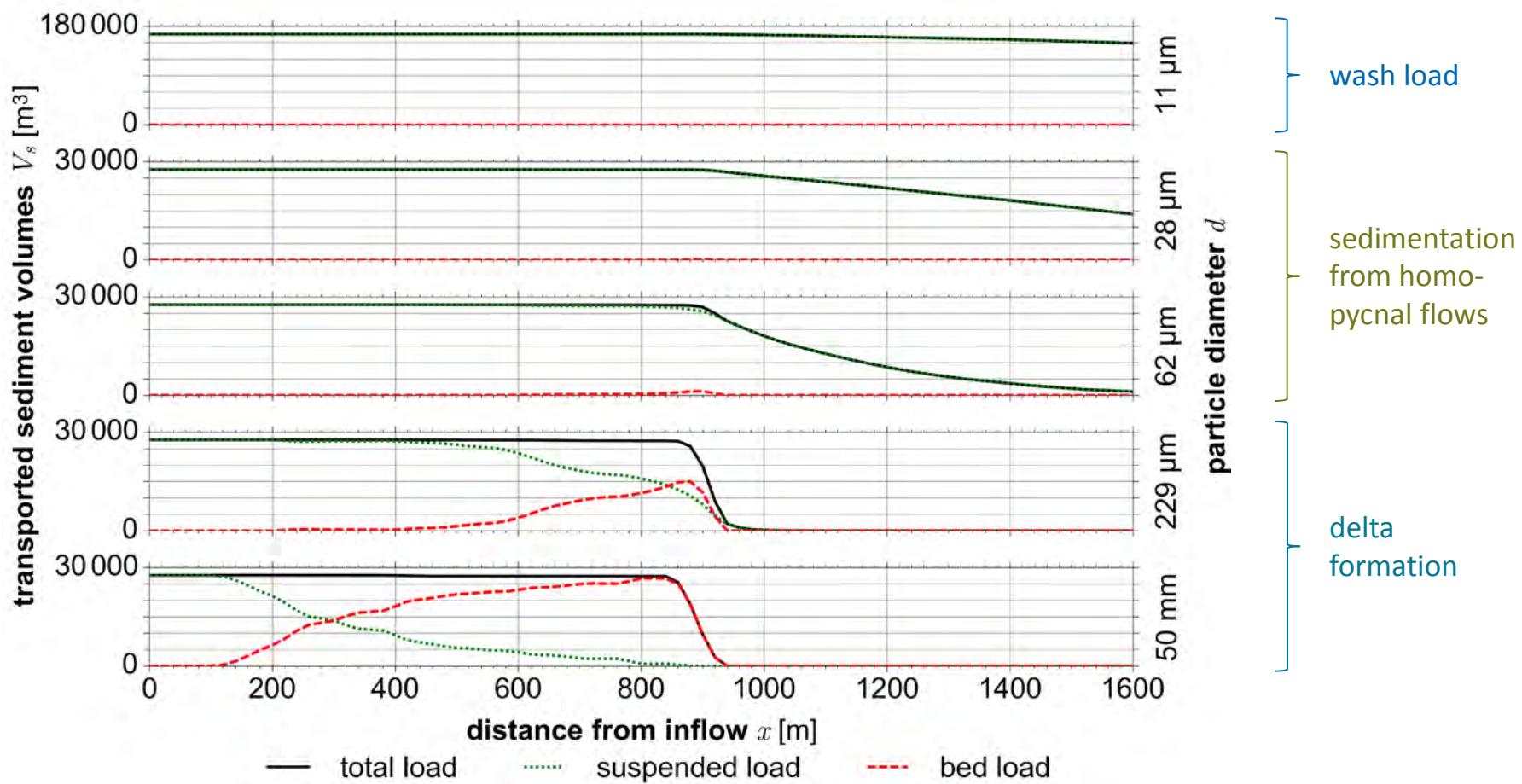
Results calibration 2015



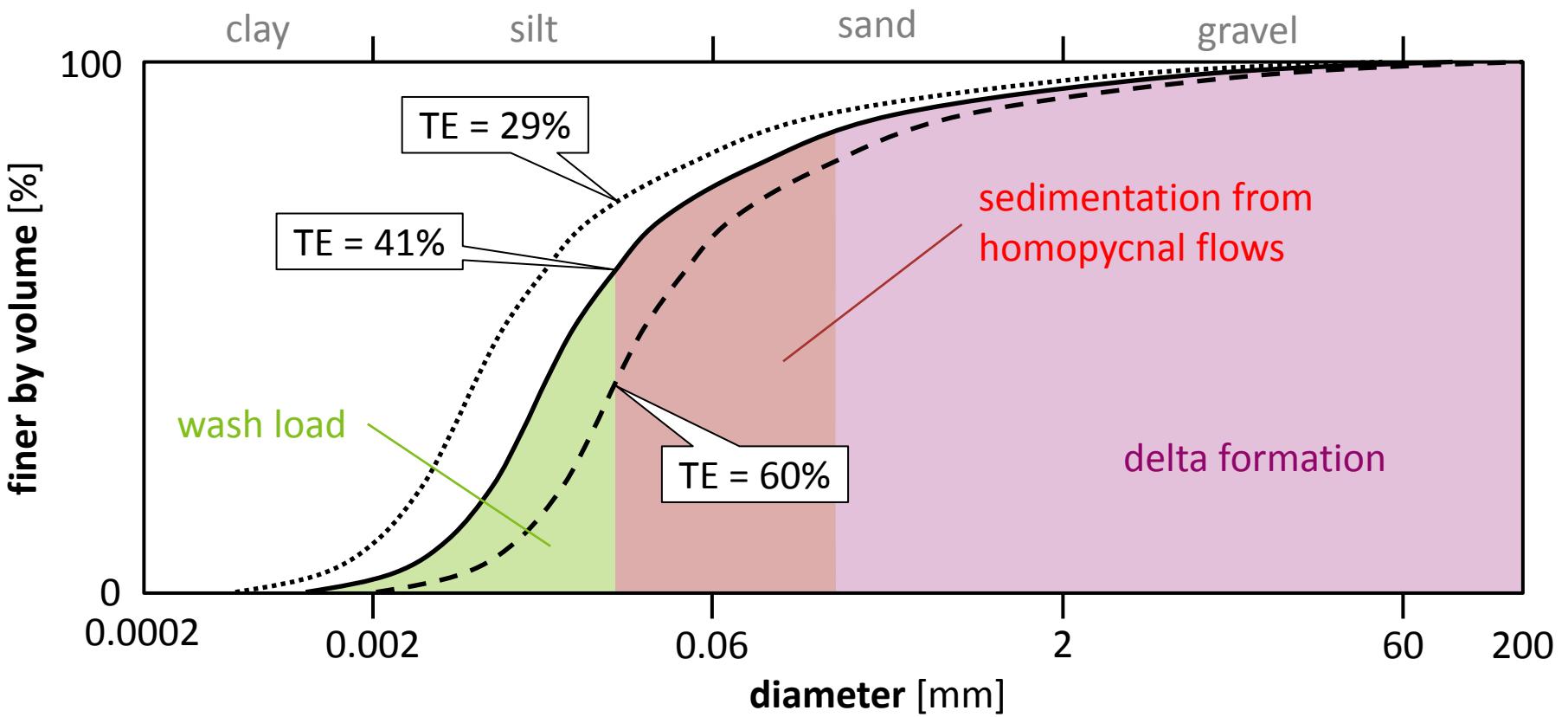
time = 31.00 days



Results calibration 2015



Sensitivity of PSD



Sensitivity of sediment input

- Müller & Förstner (1968): $SSC = a \cdot Q^b$ → here: $a = 0.001$; $b = 1.8$

- Gurnell et al. (1996):

$$V_S = \frac{V_W^{1.167}}{\rho_S \cdot 10^{1.462}}$$

- Costa et al. (2018):

$$SSC = a_1 ER^{b_1} + a_2 IM^{b_2} + a_3 SM^{b_3} + a_4 HP^{b_4}$$

SSC susp. sediment concentration [kg/m^3]

ER mean daily erosive rainfall [mm/d]

Q discharge [m^3/s]

IM mean daily ice melt [mm/d]

a, b calibration coefficients [–]

SM mean daily snow melt [mm/d]

V_W annual runoff volume [m^3]

HP daily release of water from

V_S annual sediment input [m^3]

virtual hydropower reservoir

Climate change and SSC

year	2015	2040 («peak water»)
annual runoff volume		
• measured (BAFU, LH 2161)	536 hm ³ [100%]	
• SRES-A1B (Farinotti et al. 2012)		675 hm ³ [126%]
annual suspended sediment input		
• Gurnell et al. (1996)	0.20 hm ³ [100%]	0.26 hm ³ [130%]
• Müller & Förstner (1968)	0.28 hm ³ [100%]	0.54 hm ³ [193%] *

* applying the calibrated SSC-Q relationship to the upscaled (x 1.26) hydrograph of 2015

Conclusions

future particle size distribution (PSD):

- connectivity: proglacial lakes as natural “desanders”?
- availability/accessibility: magnitudes of pro-/subglacial erosion?

future suspended sediment concentrations (SSC):

- relationship between SSC and Q: approach for changing climate?
- frequency of turbidity currents: peak SSC, peak input volume?

future reservoir operation (hydraulic conditions inside reservoir):

- drawdowns: more partial flushings because of additional water?
- fluctuations: more intense due to grid stabilisation operations?

Questions?

Daniel Ehrbar
Basler & Hofmann AG
daniel.ehrbar@baslerhofmann.ch